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Confidentiality





Part 1 (lecture):

What confidentiality really means?



Confidentiality is often a challenge for an EWC...

...because not having access to the right information may impede on your WORK!

The issue with confidentiality

Many EWC members are challenged by confidentiality. In some instances, EWC members face restrictive practises, or a lack of knowledge on what precesily confidentiality means.

Hence EWCs don't have access to or can't use certain information. But the right information is key for a EWC to do its job!

EWC members can be challenged by confidentiality in some of the following instances:



At annual meetings, only limited information is shared with the EWC, for instance because the company is publicly listed



During exceptional circumstances, EWC members can experience confusion about what information can be disclosed, and to whom



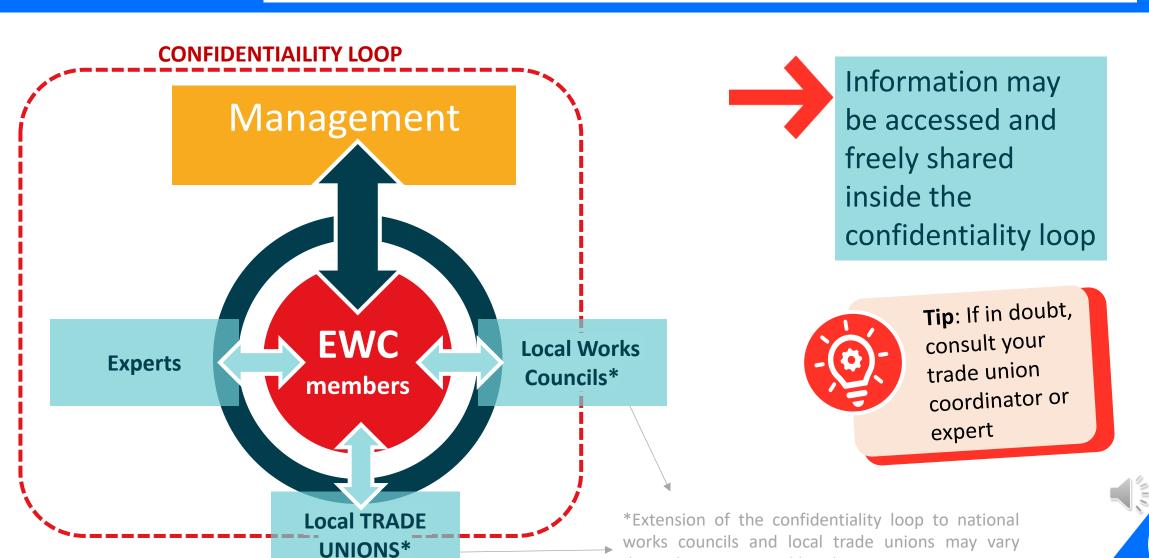
EWC members can face confusion about who is in the loop of confidentiliality.



Inside the confidentiality loop, you can access and share information!

>>Confidentiality must not be used to restrict your rights

depending on national legislation



Confidentiality is not the prerogative of management alone: it is defined by the EWC Directive and should be based on objective criterias

CONSTRAINTS DUE TO CONFIDENTIALITY

- Central management are not obliged to transmit information when its nature is such that, according to objective criteria, it would seriously harm the functioning of the undertakings concerned or would be prejudicial to them.
- 2. European Works Councils and any experts who assist them are not authorised to reveal any information which has expressly been provided to them in confidence.
- 3. Confidentiality obligation can continue to apply after the expiry of their terms of office.
- 4. The above also applies to employees' representatives in the framework of an information and consultation procedure. For example, during exceptional circumstances

GOOD PRACTICES TO OVERCOME CHALLENGES

This means that objective criteria must be met, and such criteria can be challenged and scrutinized.

This means that for information to be confidential, it must be clearly identified.

But nothing is confidential forever. Ask your management when confidentiality ceases.

Confidentiality provisions differ depending on national law and vary according to EWC agreements. Check your EWC agreement and your national law provisions!





Top tips on dealing with confidentiality

- 1. Speak to your trade union coordinator about arranging a training for your EWC on confidentiality.
- 2. Ensure that you are fully aware of the provisions of national legislation relating to Confidentiality.
- 3. Review your **EWC agreement** to ensure that its provisions are in line with the EWC Directive and national legislation.
- 4. Ensure that any information received as confidential is clearly earmarked as such, and that the reasons for this information being made confidential are clear.
- 5. Challenge the criteria of confidentiality to ensure they are truly objective.

Be vigilant: national legislation can differ...

- National legislation will usually stipulate who an EWC member can share confidential information with.
- Nation legislation will usually stipulate what kind of "objective criteria" need to be taken into account.
- National legislation may give more information on timeframes concerning confidentiality.
- If in doubt, reach out!!!



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